DOMANDE ADM/FRI - CONCORSO PUBBLICO PER ESAMI A COMPLESSIVI 766 POSTI PER L'ASSUNZIONE DI VARIE FIGURE PROFESSIONALI, III AREA F1, PRESSO L'AGENZIA DELLE **DOGANE E DEI MONOPOLI - PROVA SCRITTA - BUSTA 3**

1)	Qual è il contributo dell'ADM nella tutela del Made in Italy? Descriva sinteticamente gli aspetti principali.
2)	Il Candidato esponga quali sono, nello svolgimento dei compiti di polizia giudiziaria, gli ambiti di collaborazione tra ADM ed EPPO
3)	The Security Council of the United Nations is composed of :
	 A 10 members; 3 of them have a permanent seat (France, Russian Federation and the USA) B 15 members; 5 of them have a permanent seat (France, Popular Republic of China, Russian Federation, United Kingdom, USA) C 12 members, 4 of them have a permanent seat (USA, Russian Federation, Germany and Popular
	Republic of China)
4)	Which is the Intergovernmental organization whose mission is to promote effectiveness and efficiency of customs administrations? Find its correct acronym
	A WTO B WHO C WCO
5)	The Charter of the United Nations was signed in
5)	A 1944
	B 1945
	C 1948
6)	What is the difference between the Common Customs Tariff (CCT) and the integrated Tariff of the European Union (Taric)?
	 A The Common Customs Tariff is the external tariff applied to products imported into the Union, while the Taric contains information relating to national taxes such as VAT; B They are basically the same thing;
	 C The Taric is a database, while the CCT is a combination of the nomenclature and the duty rates which apply to each class of goods.
7)	What is the EU customs relief system?
	A According to Regulation (EC) No 1186/2009, the EU customs relief system only allows for the granting of
	relief from import duties when a personal property is imported by natural persons. B According to Regulation (EC) No 1186/2009, the EU customs relief system allows for the granting of relief
	from import and export duties;
	C According to Regulation (EC) No 1186/2019, the EU customs relief system allows for the granting of relief from import and export duties;
8)	The Union Customs Code (UCC) was adopted on 9th October 2013 as
	A Regulation (EU) No 1294/2013;
	 B Regulation (EU) No 952/2013; C Regulation (EU) No 608/2013.
9)	A natural monopoly is a distinct type of monopoly in which:
	A returns to scale increase.
	B returns to scale are constant;
	C returns to scale decrease;
10)	Which of the following does not represent a public policy to be implemented in the presence of externalities?

- A Incentivisation to eliminate external diseconomies.
- B Taxation (subsidization) of the activities from which external diseconomies (economies) arise;
 C Deregulation;

11) The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) helps identify innovative and effective policy solutions by:

- A informing and advising through knowledge and evidence; engaging and influencing in a multilateral setting; setting standard and providing policy support;
 B neither of the above answers is correct.
- C informing and advising through knowledge and evidence; engaging and influencing in a multilateral setting;

12) Which of the following does not represent a characteristic of a perfectly competitive market?

- A No barriers to entry into or exit out of the market.
 B Asymmetric information;
 C Homogeneity of products;